## COSPECTRALITY OF GAIN GRAPHS

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A gain graph  $\Gamma_{\psi}$  over a group G, also referred as a G-gain graph, is a simple graph  $\Gamma = (V, E)$  whose edges, considered as oriented arcs, get a group element of G, assigned by  $\psi : \vec{E} \to G$ , in such a way that inverse elements are associated with opposite orientations. Gain graphs can be regarded as a generalization of simple graphs and of signed graphs. Recently, in [1] it is discussed the concept of cospectrality for gain graphs, in terms of the adjacency matrix (G-cospectrality) and of the represented adjacency matrix ( $\pi$ -cospectrality, where  $\pi$  is a representation of G on Hermitian complex matrices). This has led to routines [2, 3] to construct cospectral gain graphs, based on the well-known Godsil-McKay switching method developed for simple graphs. In this talk we survey such results.

This is based on a joint work with Aida Abiad and Antonina P. Khramova.

## References

- Matteo Cavaleri and Alfredo Donno. On cospectrality of gain graphs Special Matrices 10: 343–365, (2022).
- [2] Matteo Cavaleri, Alfredo Donno and Stefano Spessato. Godsil-McKay switchings for gain graphs. preprint, arXiv:2207.10986v1 (2022).
- [3] Aida Abiad, Francesco Belardo and Antonina P. Khramova. A switching method for constructing cospectral gain graphs. preprint, arXiv:2304.03555 (2023).

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